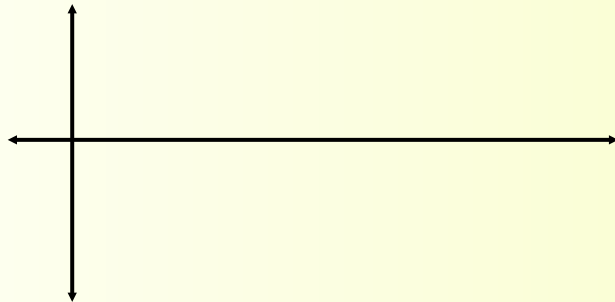
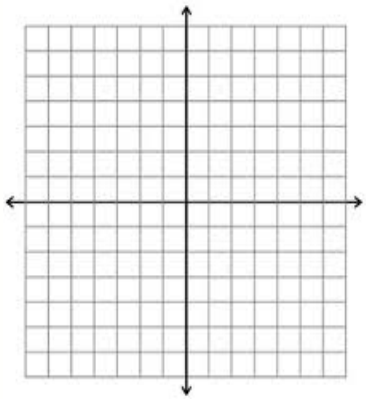


Alg. 2 Warm Up # 9-3

Graph. Label important features:

1. $y = \frac{1}{x+3} - 2$

2. $y = \sin(x - \frac{\pi}{4}) - 1$



HW Questions: Yellow WS

Alg 2 Homework
Solving Equations.
Solve by factoring.

Name _____ Team _____
Per. _____

1) $x^2 + 2x - 15 = 0$

2) $2x^2 + 7x + 3 = 0$

3) $4x^2 - 8x = 0$

4) $3x^2 + 7x + 2 = 0$

5) $2x^2 - 9x - 35 = 0$

6) $2x^2 - 11x + 5 = 0$

$$a^2 - b^2$$

$$(a+b)(a-b)$$

7) $x^2 - 49 = 0$

8) $4x^2 - 9 = 0$

9) $3x^2 + 21x = 0$

$$(2x+3)(2x-3) = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}$$

Solve by completing the square. Answer exact and simplified.

10) $x^2 + 8x + 10 = 0$

11) $x^2 - 6x - 3 = 0$

12) $x^2 + 10x = 23$

13) $2x^2 + 12x + 3 = 1$

$2(x^2 + 6x + 9) = -2 + 18$

$\frac{2(x+3)^2}{2} = \frac{16}{2}$

$(x+3)^2 = 8$

$x = -3 \pm 2\sqrt{2}$

14) $4x^2 - 8x - 21 = 0$

$4(x^2 - 2x + 1) = 21 + 4$

$\frac{4(x-1)^2}{4} = \frac{25}{4}$

$\sqrt{(x-1)^2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{25}{4}}$

$x - 1 = \pm \frac{5}{2}$

$x = 1 \pm \frac{5}{2}$

Solve. Answer exact and simplified. Check for extraneous solutions.

15) $(\sqrt{2x+3})^2 = (x)^2$

$2x + 3 = x^2$

$0 = x^2 - 2x - 3$

16) $\sqrt{-4x+17} + 5 = x + 2$

$(\sqrt{-4x+17})^2 = (x-3)^2$

$-4x + 17 = x^2 - 6x + 9$

$$17) \frac{x}{3} = \frac{4}{x}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{12}$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{4\sqrt{3}}$$

$$x = \pm 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$18) \frac{x}{x-1} = \frac{4}{x}$$

$$x^2 = 4(x-1)$$

$$19) \frac{3}{3} \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{3x} = 6$$

$$3x \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{3x} \right) = 6(3x)$$

$$3 + 1 = 18x$$

$$\frac{3}{3x} + \frac{1}{3x} = 6$$

$$\frac{4}{3x} = \frac{6}{1}$$

$$20) 4|x-7|-3=25$$

$$x = 14, 0$$

$$21) \begin{array}{ccccc} -2 & \leq & 6x-3 & \leq & 27 \\ +3 & & +3 & +3 & \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \leq \frac{6x}{6} \leq \frac{30}{6}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{6} \leq x \leq 5}$$

Use logs to solve. Round to nearest hundredth.

22) $3^x = 47$

23) $5^x - 10 = 2$

24) $6^x + 4 = 30$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &5^x = 12 \\
 &\log 5^x = \log 12 \\
 &\frac{x(\log 5)}{\log 5} = \frac{\log 12}{\log 5} \\
 &x \approx
 \end{aligned}$$

Today's Classwork

1) Another Unit Circle Practice

2) Solving a 3 variable system using Matrices on the graphing calculator

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + 7y - 6z & = & -12 \\ -2x - 3y + z & = & -9 \\ 2x + 5y + 5z & = & 19 \end{array}$$

$$\text{rref} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \# \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \# \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \# \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x & y & z & | & \text{right hand side} \\ 1 & 7 & -6 & | & -12 \\ -2 & -3 & 1 & | & -9 \\ 2 & 5 & 5 & | & 19 \end{bmatrix}$$

* enter matrix in calculator

- * quit that screen
- * choose rref from

* choose your matrix:

2nd MATRIX ► NAMES ENTER

Practice.

① $x - 9y + 4z = 1$

 $(2, 1, 2)$

② $-4x + 18y - 8z = -6$

③ $2x + y - 4z = -3$

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 x & y & z & \text{answers} \\
 \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -9 & 4 & 1 \\ -4 & 18 & -8 & -6 \\ 2 & 1 & -4 & -3 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{rref}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & x \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & z \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}$$

rows \times # columns 3×4

Try another:

$7x - 4y - z = -1$

$3x + 2y + 3z = 15$

$x - y + z = -5$

 $(3, 6, -2)$

Practice

$$\begin{aligned}x - 7y + 3z &= -10 \\ -3x + 14y - 6z &= 19 \\ 2x + y - 3z &= 1\end{aligned}$$

$$(1, 2, 1)$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -7 & 3 & -10 \\ -3 & 14 & -6 & 19 \\ 2 & 1 & -3 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{rref}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$(-1, -15) \rightarrow$$

$$(2, -9) \rightarrow$$

$$(4, -35) \rightarrow$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -15 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 & -9 \\ 16 & 4 & 1 & -35 \end{array} \right]$$

$$= -3x^2 + 5x - 7$$

HW: WS (pink)

Equation Solve #2

Short quiz Friday:

Build a Unit Circle from Memory